[Total No. of Questions - 9] [Total No. of Printed Pages - 2] (2125)

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B. Tech 6th Semester Examination

Advanced Microprocessor & Microcontrollers (OS) EC(ID)-6003

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answerbook (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

Note: Attempt five questions in all, selecting one question from each of sections A, B, C and D. Section E is compulsory.

SECTION - A

- 1. (a) Discuss RAM/ROM address decoding mechanism. (10)
 - (b) Draw the architecture of 8086 microprocessor. (10)
- 2. (a) Explain working of EU of 8086. (10)
 - (b) Explain in detail types of instructions available in 8086. (10)

SECTION - B

- (a) Show the 8086 instruction or group of instructions which will Call a near procedure named "fixit", Return from the procedure and automatically increment the stack pointer by 8.
 - (b) Explain DB, DW and DD directives and their uses. (10+10=20)
- 4. (a) Use the DB directive to define the following list of numbers and name it array: 31h, 32h, 33h, 34h.
 - (b) Write a program that converts a string containing up to 256 lowercase characters to upper-case. (10+10=20) [P.T.O.]

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SECTION - C

- 5. (a) Explain the architecture of a 32-bit microprocessor. What are the various storage devices used here?
 - (b) Explain operating modes of 80386. (10+10=20)
- 6. (a) Describe the signal and system connection of 80286.
 - (b) What is the architecture of 80286? (10+10=20)

SECTION - D

- (a) Describe the commands involved in D/A and A/D conversion of 8051.
 - (b) Describe usage of ORL and XRL instructions. (10+10=20)
- 8. (a) Describe the architecture of 8051 microcontroller.
 - (b) Write a small 8051 program to convert a byte into 3-digit decimal number. (10+10=20)

SECTION - E

- 9. (i) Explain comments and identifiers in assembly program.
 - (ii) Write a data declaration directive for a sequence of 500 16-bit words, each containing the value 1000h.
 - (iii) Show the 8086 instruction or group of instructions which will Save BX and BP at the start of the procedure and restore them at the end of the procedure.
 - (iv) What are RISC machines?
 - (v) What are the advantages of 80486?
 - (vi) Name the six general types of memory operands.
 - (vii) Discuss segment registers of 8086.
 - (viii) What is the working of TMOD register?
 - (ix) What is DPTR? Where is it used?
 - (x) Explain timer chip. (2×10=20)